







Venue and date

University of Münster Schlossplatz 2 | 48149 Münster, Germany

2-4 September, 2012

Organizer

FluResearchNet and National Research Platform for Zoonoses c/o Institute of Molecular Virology Von-Esmarch-Str. 56 | 48149 Münster

Topics

- o Influenza and the lung
- o Innate immunity
- Pathogenesis
- Vaccines and antivirals
- Virus cell interaction
- Free topics

Scientific committee

Stephan Ludwig | Münster Klaus Schughart | Braunschweig Peter Stäheli | Freiburg Roland Zell | Jena

Registration and abstract submission

Registration and abstract submission is possible via **www.zoonosen.net**.

No registration fees will be charged.



Overview program

Sunday, September 2nd, 2012

15.00 Registration

18.00 - 22.00 OPENING

18.00 Welcome note by the president of the Robert Koch Institute Reinhard

Burger

Opening of the 3rd International Influenza Meeting by the coordinator of the

FluResearchNet Stephan Ludwig

18.15 Opening lecture by Yoshihiro Kawaoka, Madison, USA:

An epic journey to publish ferret H5N1 transmission studies

19.00 Reception at the meeting site (food and drinks)

Monday, September 3rd, 2012

9.00 – 10.30 Session 1: PATHOGENESIS I

Key-note lecture: Transmission of Influenza A/H5N1 Virus via Aerosol or

Chair: Peter Stäheli

Respiratory Droplets between Ferrets

Ron Fouchier, Rotterdam, Netherlands

Inhibition of Inflammosome Activation in Human Macrophages by Highly

Pathogenic Avian Influenza Viruses Caused by Missing M2 Protein

Expression

Judith Friesenhagen, Hannover, Germany

Viral Scission Machines: M2-mediated Influenza Virus Budding

Jeremy Rossman, Kent, United Kingdom

An Intermolecular RNA Interaction Required for Selective Packaging of the

Segmented Influenza A Genome

Roland Marquet, Strasbourg, France

10.30 Coffee break

11.00 – 12.20 Session 2: THE NS1 PROTEIN AS A MODUALTOR OF CELL RESPONSES Chair: Stephan Ludwig

The NS1 Protein of Seasonal Influenza A Viruses Inhibits Virus- and IFNdependent Induction of ISG15 in Human Cells

Jessica Knepper, Berlin, Germany

Influenza A Virus NS1 Induces Re-localisation of Cellular ADAR1 to Nucleoli

During Infection

Artur Arikainen, Cambridge, United Kingdom

A Single Point Mutation (Y98F) Within the NS1 of Influenza A Viruses

Dramatically Limits Lung Epithelial Cell Tropism and Virulence in Mice

Eike-Roman Hrincius, Muenster, Germany

Influenza B Virus NS1 Protein Controls Riplet-mediated RIG-I Activation

Matthias Budt, Berlin, Germany

12.20 Lunch & Poster viewing

14.00 – 15.20 Session 3: INNATE IMMUNITY Chair: Martin Schwemmle

Inhibition of Influenza Virus Infectivity In Vivo Using RNA Agonists of the RIG-I Pathway

John Hiscott, Montreal, Canada

Incoming Influenza A Virus Evades the Early Host Recognition – Direct
Interferon Induction by Influenza B Virus Entry

Pamela Osterlund, Helsinki, Finland

Evolution-guided Analysis of Human and Non-human Primate MxA Proteins:

A Motif in Unstructured Loop L4 is Essential for Antiviral Specificity Against

Corinna Patzina, Freiburg, Germany

Orthomyxoviruses

The Mx System of Wild-derived CAST/EiJ Mice Confers Different Degrees of Protection Against Orthomyxoviridae Family Members

15.20 Coffee break

15.50 - 17.40 Session 4: PATHOGENESIS II

Key-note lecture: Structural and Functional Studies on the Influenza Virus

Chair: Klaus Schughart

Replication Machine

Juan Ortin, Madrid, Spain

The Avian-like PB1 Gene of the 1968 Pandemic Influenza Virus Facilitates

Viral Replication and Transmissibility

Isabel Wendel, Marburg, Germany

The Assembly Mechanism of Influenza A Virus Nucleoprotein in Viral

Ribonucleoprotein Complexes

Frank Vreede, Oxford, United Kingdom

Mapping the Phosphoproteome of Influenza A and B Viruses by Mass

Spectrometry

Edward Hutchinson, Oxford, United Kingdom

Influenza A Virus Replication Can Be Prevented by Inhibition of Viral

Ribonucleoproteins Transport

Maria Amorim, Oeiras, Portugal

19.00 Conference diner at the Schloßgarten-Café

Tuesday, September 4th, 2012

9.00 - 10.30 Session 5: INFLUENZA AND THE LUNG Chair: Thorsten Wolff

Key-note lecture: Cell-specific Innate Immunity During Lung Infection

Joseph P. Mizgerd, Boston, USA

Alveolar Epithelial Cells Orchestrate Dendritic Cell Functions by Release of

GM.CSF in Murine Viral Pneumonia

Susanne Herold, Gießen, Germany

The Role of Alveolar Type II Epithelial Cells and TLR7 for Bacterial Superinfection Following Influenza

Sabine Stegemann-Koniszewski

Deep Sequencing of Viral Quasispecies of Mammalian Adapted and Aerosol

Transmitted Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza A H5N1 Virus Over Time

Sander van Boheemen, Rotterdam, Netherlands

10.30 Coffee break

11.00 – 12.20 Session 6: VACCINES & ANTIVIRALS Chair: Stephan Pleschka

Induction of Cross-Clade Anti-H5N1 Memory Responses by Vero Cell-Derived H5N1 Whole Virus Vaccines

Otfried Kistner, Orth/Donau, Austria

M2e-based Universal Vaccine Protects Against Influenza A Virus Challenge and Enhances Heterosubtypic Immunity During Subsequent Infections

Michael Schotsaert, Ghent, Belgium

VSV Replicons Expressing H5 Hemagglutinin Induce Broadly Neutralizing
Antibodies Directed Against Both the HA1 and HA2 Subunit
Stefan Halbherr, Mittelhäusern, Switzerland

Antivial Activity of Ladania067 An Extract from Ribes Nigrum Against
Influenza A Virus

Emanuel Haasbach, Tuebingen, Germany

12.20 – 14.00 Lunch & Poster viewing

14.00 – 15.30 Session 7: VIRUS CELL INTERACTION CHAIR: Roland Zell

Key-note lecture: Can PB1-F2 Be Used as a Molecular Signature of Virulence?

Jon McCullers, Memphis, USA

Fragile X Mental Retardation Protein Stimulates Ribonucleoprotein Assembly of Influenza A Virus

Tao Deng, Beijing, China

TRIM22 Restricts Influenza A Virus Infection

Elisa Vincenzi, Milan, Italy

Adaptive Mutations in NEP Compensate for Defective H5N1 RNA Replication

in Human Cells

Peter Reuther, Freiburg, Germany

15.30 – 15.45 Wrap-up lecture: What's New – What's Exciting?

Thorsten Wolff, Berlin, Germany

15.45 – 16.00 DISCUSSION AND CLOSING REMARKS