



**Press release 11/21**

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## **Happy Birthday: Astronomical Notes turn 200**

**The astronomical journal *Astronomische Nachrichten/Astronomical Notes (AN)* was founded by H. C. Schumacher in 1821 and thus turns 200 years old in 2021. It is the oldest astronomical journal in the world that is still being published.**

“A long time ago the possibilities for publishing astronomical observations and results were completely different from today’s practice. But already in the 15th century it was astronomy which was closely connected to the publication of periodically published scientific works”, as Prof. Dr. Klaus Strassmeier resumes. He is director of the Leibniz Institute for Astrophysics Potsdam (AIP) and has been Editor-in-Chief of *Astronomische Nachrichten* since 2000.

The “*Astronomische Jahrbücher*” (Annual Astronomical Books), published from 1450 to 1461, and the “*Ephemeriden*” (Ephemerides), published from 1475 to 1506, are the oldest periodical gazettes in the world. The first astronomical journal – the “*Astronomische Nachrichten*” (Astronomical Notes) – was founded in 1821, only 370 years later. That year, Heinrich Christian Schumacher, at the instigation of the Danish king Frederik VI, was asked by the Danish minister of finance to publish an astronomical bulletin which should foster international cooperation. Although founded in 1821, it was not until two years had passed that the first issue of AN was ready and had been published. Already in the first issue, an article by Carl-Friedrich Gauss on the „*Anwendung der Wahrscheinlichkeitsrechnung auf ein Problem der practischen Geometrie*“ (“Application of the Probability Theory to a Problem of Practical Geometry”) was presented, which was well received in the community.

In his introduction in the first issue, Schumacher briefly outlined the aim of the journal: “To publish a means for the quick circulation of single observations and short news as well as astronomical and mathematical works and treatises.”. The original articles were published in German, English, French, and Latin language. The journal was meant to be open to all and have a high frequency of publication; the publication of articles was to be free of charge for the scientists. This month, the sixth issue of volume 342 appeared, exactly 200 years after Schumacher started with issue 1 of volume 1. Today, AIP hosts the editorial office, in close collaboration with Wiley-VCH. Last year's volume of AN contained over 90 peer-reviewed research articles, totaling more than 1000 pages. Astronomical Notes now covers a wide range of topics, from instrument projects and observing campaigns to theoretical studies and numerical simulations.

Schumacher was based in Altona near Hamburg and led the journal for 30 years until his death in December 1850. He passed the editorial work on to Christian August Peters. After the death of Christian August Peters in 1880, the magazine went into the public ownership of the Prussian government. All science-related issues were ruled by the “*Astronomische Gesellschaft*” (German Astronomical Society) founded in 1863, among them the appointment of Carl Nicolaus Adalbert Krüger as the new Editor-in-Chief of AN. Under Krüger’s management, and due to an agreement with the German Astronomical Society, the international character of the journal was encouraged and emphasised. As a consequence, the 40 issues published by Krüger contain a high percentage of international papers. In the course of the dissolution of the Kiel University Observatory, the editorial office moved to the “*Astronomisches Recheninstitut*” (Astronomical Computing Center) in Berlin-Dahlem in 1938. Due to the war, the editorial office ceased daily operations of the AN in December 1943 and moved out of the city to Potsdam.

Since 1947, the editorial office has been located in Potsdam, at that time still at the Astrophysical Observatory Potsdam. The publication of the journal was taken over by the Akademie Verlag of the GDR on behalf of the German Academy of Sciences at Berlin. After the reunification, the journal became part of the Wiley-VCH portfolio.

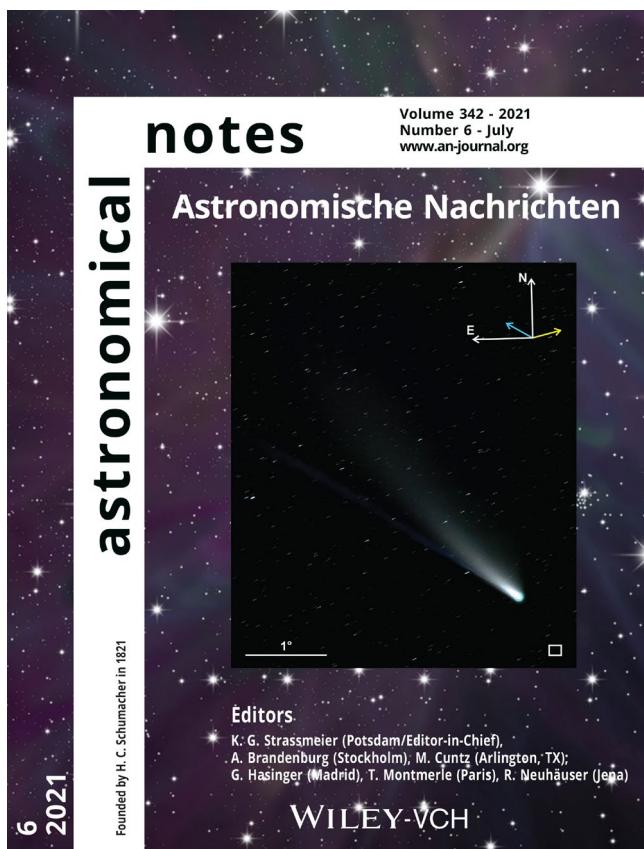
To reflect its international character, the journal changed its main title to Astronomical Notes in 2005, but retained Astronomische Nachrichten as subtitle. Since 1999, the journal has been published in electronic form. Today, a convenient online submission system, open access supported by Projekt DEAL in Germany and many national and funder agreements as well as modern article formats on Wiley Online Library are available.

**Science contact:** Prof. Dr. Klaus G. Strassmeier, +49 331 7499 223, [kstrassmeier@aip.de](mailto:kstrassmeier@aip.de)

**Media contact:** Dr. Janine Fohlmeister, +49 331 7499 803, [presse@aip.de](mailto:presse@aip.de)

**More information on AN:** <https://www.aip.de/AN/>

<http://www.an-journal.org>



Front cover AN issue 6 volume 342, July 2021. Credit: Wiley-VCH

# ASTRONOMISCHE NACHRICHTEN.

## N<sup>o</sup>. I.

### V o r w o r t.

Durch höhere Unterstützung bin ich in den Stand gesetzt, den Astronomen und Mathematikern in diesem Blatte ein Mittel zur schnellen Verbreitung einzelner Beobachtungen und kürzerer Nachrichten, so wie in den astronomischen Abhandlungen ein Depot für grössere Arbeiten anzubieten. Ich lasse die Beiträge der verschiedenen Herrn Verfasser so, wie ich sie von Ihnen erhalte, abdrucken; wenn nicht etwa der Druck eine andere Anordnung der Zahlen nöthig macht. Was in englischer, französischer, oder lateinischer Sprache mir zugesandt wird, erscheint im Originale.

Es folgt also, dass ich für nichts, als was von mir selbst kommt, verantwortlich bin; und alles dies ist mit S. bezeichnet.

Sobald Stoff genug ist, einen Bogen zu füllen, wird er versandt, ohne sich an bestimmte Perioden zu binden. Ist eine Nachricht von der Art, dass sie schnellere Verbreitung fordert, so wird auch ein halber Bogen versandt.

24 Bogen machen einen Band, zu dem ein besonderer Titel und Umschlag nachgeliefert wird.

Alle Beiträge bitte ich an die Adresse

Professor Schumacher — Altona bei Hamburg — Palmaille

zu senden.

Neue Werke im Fache der Astronomie und Geodesie werde ich ihrem Inhalte nach anzeigen, sobald sie mir bekannt werden. Altona 1821. September.

Schumacher.

Preface of AN volume 1, number 1 from H.C. Schumacher. Credit: AIP Archive

Table 2 Publishers and editors of AN.

Editor	Years
Heinrich Christian Schumacher	1821–1850
Adolf Cornelius Petersen	1851, Bd. 32
Peter Andreas Hansen &	
Adolf Cornelius Petersen	1852–53
Peter Andreas Hansen	1854, Bd. 38
Christian August Friedrich Peters	1854–1880
Karl Friedrich Wilhelm Peters	1880 <sup>a</sup>
Carl Nicolaus Adalbert Krüger	1880–1896
Heinrich Carl Friedrich Kreutz	1896–1907
Hermann Kobold	1907–1938
W. Schaub & A. Kopf <sup>b</sup>	1938–1944
Hans Kienle	1947 <sup>c</sup> –1951
Johann Wempe <sup>d</sup>	1947–1973 <sup>e</sup>
Karl-Heinz Schmidt	1974–1979
Hans-Jürgen Felber	1980–1985
Klaus Fritze	1986–1996
Günther Hasinger &	
Karl-Heinz Rädler	1997 <sup>f</sup> –2000
Klaus Günter Strassmeier	2000–

<sup>a</sup> From the decease of C.A.F. Peters on until the take over by C.N.A. Krüger.

<sup>b</sup> As of October 1938, the Astronomisches Recheninstitut Berlin-Dahlem became the publisher.

<sup>c</sup> AN did not appear for three years 1944–1946 but the numbering was kept.

<sup>d</sup> J. Wempe had been initially named "Schriftführer" (as of volume 275) and later became editor in 1951.

<sup>e</sup> As of 1973 the Academy of Sciences of the German Democratic Republic became the publisher and AN was managed by an editor-in-chief.

<sup>f</sup> Wiley VCH, Berlin became the successor of the Academy of Sciences of the GDR as publisher of AN.

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The key areas of research at the Leibniz Institute for Astrophysics Potsdam (AIP) are cosmic magnetic fields and extragalactic astrophysics. A considerable part of the institute's efforts aim at the development of research technology in the fields of spectroscopy, robotic telescopes, and e-science. The AIP is the successor of the Berlin Observatory founded in 1700 and of the Astrophysical Observatory of Potsdam founded in 1874. The latter was the world's first observatory to emphasize explicitly the research area of astrophysics. The AIP has been a member of the Leibniz Association since 1992.

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