

Press release**Fraunhofer-Institut für Solare Energiesysteme ISE****Karin Schneider**

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<http://idw-online.de/en/news706532>Research projects, Research results
Energy, Materials sciences, Physics / astronomy
transregional, national**Concentrator Photovoltaics Shows Peak Performance – Module Efficiency Reaches 41.4 %**

Concentrator Photovoltaics (CPV) has by far achieved the highest efficiency for the conversion of sunlight into electricity. The basis for this latest achievement lies in the special multi-junction solar cells as well as the perfect interplay between the cell and the module optics. In the EU-funded project CPVMatch, a consortium of research institutions and companies has demonstrated how to optimize both of these aspects and thus better exploit the potential of this technology. The achieved module efficiency of 41.4 % is the highest value ever measured for a photovoltaic module.

High-concentration photovoltaic (HCPV) systems offer renewable electricity with the highest conversion efficiency and thus a correspondingly low use of resources especially in regions with high direct normal irradiance. In this technology multi-junction solar cells, based on III-V compound semiconductors, are used. In these solar cells, several thin subcells are stacked on top of each other in order to convert the solar irradiance more efficiently. Optical lenses concentrate the incoming sunlight onto the miniature sized solar cells. The modules are mounted on a two-axis tracking system that follows the sun's path during the day.

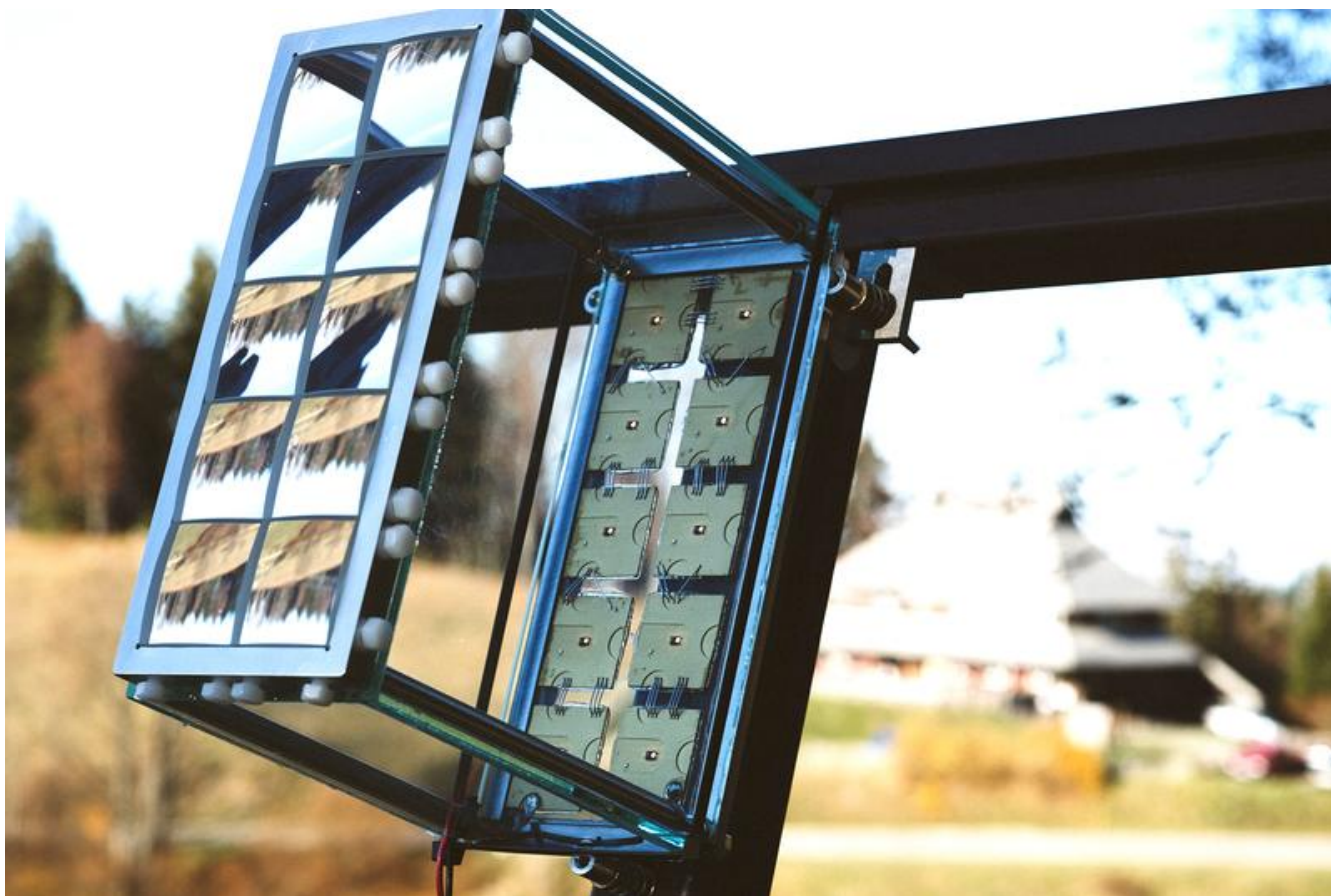
The industrial implementation of highest efficiencies for concentrator PV modules and thus the reduction of the gap between research results and industry production were the focus of the CPVMatch project. Headed by Fraunhofer ISE, a consortium of research institutes and industry partners from Germany, Italy, Spain and France have worked on new solutions over the past 3.5 years to this end.

"In CPVMatch, we have addressed all production steps for concentrator modules starting from the materials, through cell fabrication and production systems, and up to the challenges facing module manufacturing," reports Dr. Gerald Siefer, project head and group leader of III-V Cell and Module Characterization at Fraunhofer ISE. The project partners have achieved two major results: By using innovative cell architectures for multi-junction solar cells with new materials, processes and manufacturing equipment, the researchers were able to optimize the production of four-junction solar cells. Also, they were able to improve the design of high-concentration modules, primarily by modifying the optics and making use of achromatic lenses. The combination of four-junction solar cells with achromatic lenses has led to the new record efficiency of 41.4 percent for a 122 cm² module.

"We are extremely pleased about these results that pave the way for further efficiency increases in the concentrator technology," says Dr. Andreas Bett, institute director of Fraunhofer ISE. "Photovoltaics is booming worldwide, and we see great potential for this particularly efficient module technology. It significantly decreases the use of resources for energy conversion per unit area and thus contributes to more sustainability."

URL for press release: <https://www.ise.fraunhofer.de/en/press-media/press-releases/2018/concentrator-photovoltaics-shows-peak-performance-module-efficiency-reaches-41-comma-4-percent.html>

Attachment Press Release (PDF) <http://idw-online.de/en/attachment67374>



High-Concentration Photovoltaic (HCPV) Module with record high efficiency. 41.4% of the direct solar irradiation is converted into electricity.

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